

## SPECIES MANAGEMENT PROFILE

*Elaeocarpus reticulatus* blueberry ash

**Group:** Magnoliophyta (flowering plants), Magnoliopsida (dicots), Malvales, Elaeocarpaceae

**Status:** *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995*: rare  
*Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*: Not listed

**Endemic Status:** Found in Tasmania and elsewhere



A complete species management profile is not currently available for this species. Check for further information on this page and any relevant Activity Advice.

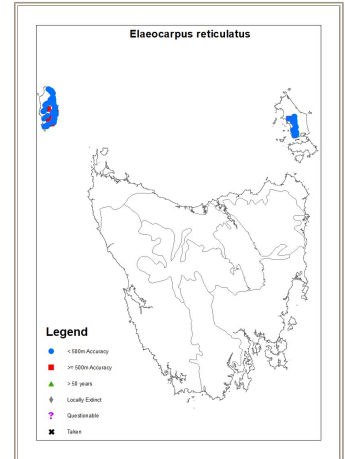
### Key Points

- Important:** Is this species in your area? Do you need a permit? Ensure you've covered all the issues by checking the Planning Ahead page.
- Important:** Different threatened species may have different requirements. For any activity you are considering, read the Activity Advice pages for background information and important advice about managing around the needs of multiple threatened species.

### Surveying

| Key | Survey reliability more info |
|-----|------------------------------|
| M   | Best time to survey          |
| M   | Potential time to survey     |
| M   | Poor time to survey          |
| M   | Non-survey period            |

To ensure you follow the law - check whether your survey requires a permit. Always report any new records to the Natural Values Atlas, or send the information direct to the Threatened Species Section. Refer to the Activity Advice: Surveying page for background information.



| <i>Elaeocarpus reticulatus</i> | Spring      | Summer      | Autumn      | Winter      |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| blueberry ash                  | S S O O N N | D D J J F F | M M A A M M | J J J J A A |

- This shrub or small tree can be identified throughout the year. Flowering is from October to January.
- In Tasmania, *Elaeocarpus reticulatus* is restricted to King and Flinders islands where it mostly occurs in moist, sheltered sites in lowland forests. This plant occurs in a range of habitats on King Island, including wet eucalypt forest, tall/wet scrub, riparian vegetation, coastal scrub and tea-tree scrub.

### Further information

Check also for listing statement or notesheet pdf above (below the species image).

**Cite as:** Threatened Species Section (2024). *blueberry ash (Elaeocarpus reticulatus): Species Management Profile for Tasmania's Threatened Species Link*. <https://www.threatenedspecieslink.tas.gov.au/Pages/Elaeocarpus-reticulatus.aspx> Department of Natural Resources and Environment Tasmania. Accessed on 3/3/2024.

**Contact details:** Threatened Species Section, Department of Natural Resources and Environment Tasmania, GPO Box 44, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia, 7001. Phone (1300 368 550).

**Permit:** A permit is required under the Tasmanian *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995* to 'take' (which includes kill, injure, catch, damage, destroy and collect), keep, trade in or process any specimen or products of a listed species. Additional permits may also be required under other Acts or regulations to take, disturb or interfere with any form of wildlife or its products, (e.g. dens, nests, bones). This may also depend on the tenure of the land and other agreements relating to its management.