

SPECIES MANAGEMENT PROFILE

Hibbertia calycina lesser guineaflower

Group: Magnoliophyta (flowering plants), Magnoliopsida (dicots), Dilleniales, Dilleniaceae

Status: *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995*: vulnerable
Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999: Not listed

Endemic: Found in Tasmania and elsewhere

Status:

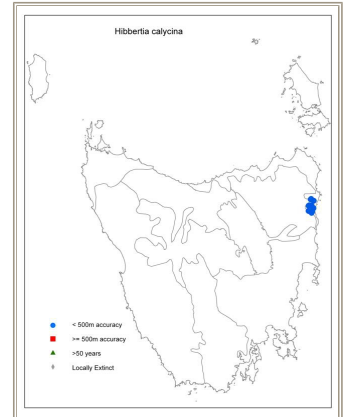


A complete species management profile is not currently available for this species. Check for further information on this page and any relevant Activity Advice.

Key Points

- **Important:** Is this species in your area? Do you need a permit? Ensure you've covered all the issues by checking the Planning Ahead page.
- **Important:** Different threatened species may have different requirements. For any activity you are considering, read the Activity Advice pages for background information and important advice about managing around the needs of multiple threatened species.

Surveying



Key	Survey reliability more info
M	Best time to survey
M	Potential time to survey
M	Poor time to survey
M	Non-survey period

To ensure you follow the law - check whether your survey requires a permit. Always report any new records to the Natural Values Atlas, or send the information direct to the Threatened Species Section. Refer to the Activity Advice: Surveying page for background information.

<i>Hibbertia calycina</i>	Spring						Summer						Autumn						Winter					
lesser guineaflower	S	S	O	O	N	N	D	D	J	J	F	F	M	M	A	A	M	M	J	J	J	J	A	A

- Flowers may be required to identify this erect, woody understorey shrub, though its foliage is quite distinctive and may be sufficient for the experienced observer. Most flowering occurs in spring and to a lesser extent in autumn, with observations scattered throughout the year.
- In Tasmania, *Hibbertia calycina* is found only in the north-east near Scamander and St Helens where it occurs on ridgelines and upper slope areas in *Eucalyptus sieberi* forest on Devonian mudstone. It favours insulated north and west facing slopes, with soils that are extremely shallow, free draining and relatively stony with little moisture-holding capacity and low nutrient status.

Further information

Check also for listing statement or notesheet pdf above (below the species image).

Cite as: Threatened Species Section (2019). *Hibbertia calycina* (lesser guineaflower): *Species Management Profile for Tasmania's Threatened Species Link*. <https://www.threatenedspecieslink.tas.gov.au/Pages/Hibbertia-calycina.aspx>. Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, Tasmania. Accessed on 12/11/2019.

Contact details: Threatened Species Section, Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, GPO Box 44, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia, 7001. Phone (1300 368 550).

Permit: A permit is required under the Tasmanian *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995* to 'take' (which includes kill, injure, catch, damage, destroy and collect), keep, trade in or process any specimen or products of a listed species. Additional permits may also be required under other Acts or regulations to take, disturb or interfere with any form of wildlife or its products, (e.g. dens, nests, bones). This may also depend on the tenure of the land and other agreements relating to its management.