

## SPECIES MANAGEMENT PROFILE

*Stenanthemum pimeleoides* propeller plant

**Group:** Magnoliophyta (flowering plants), Magnoliopsida (dicots), Rhamnales, Rhamnaceae

**Status:** *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995*: vulnerable  
*Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*: Vulnerable

**Endemic Status:** Found only in Tasmania



A complete species management profile is not currently available for this species. Check for further information on this page and any relevant Activity Advice.

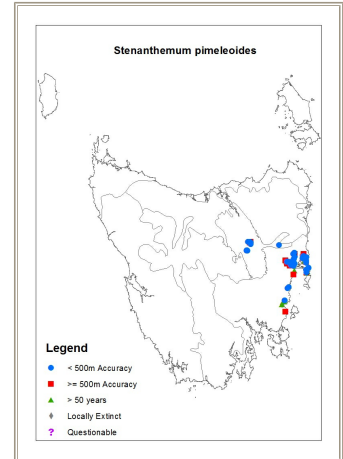
### Key Points

- Important:** Is this species in your area? Do you need a permit? Ensure you've covered all the issues by checking the Planning Ahead page.
- Important:** Different threatened species may have different requirements. For any activity you are considering, read the Activity Advice pages for background information and important advice about managing around the needs of multiple threatened species.

### Surveying

Key	Survey reliability more info
M	Best time to survey
M	Potential time to survey
M	Poor time to survey
M	Non-survey period

To ensure you follow the law - check whether your survey requires a permit. Always report any new records to the Natural Values Atlas, or send the information direct to the Threatened Species Section. Refer to the Activity Advice: Surveying page for background information.



<i>Stenanthemum pimeleoides</i>	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Winter
propellor plant	S S O O N N	D D J J	F F M M A A	M M J J J J A A

- Surveys of this small mat-forming prostrate woody undershrub may be undertaken at any time of year as identifiable features are present at all times. However, any survey efforts need to take into account the species' diminutive nature and the difficulties involved in identifying potentially heavily browsed specimens. Flowering occurs from November through to February, with a peak in December. The species may proliferate from soil-stored seed following fire.
- Stenanthemum pimeleoides* is restricted to Tasmania's central East Coast and the Northern Midlands, where it occurs in dry sclerophyll forest or woodland with an open heathy or shrubby understorey. The topography tends to be flat to gently sloping. The species occurs in the drier parts of the State, within the 500 to 800 mm isohyets, and usually at altitudes below 100 m.

### Further information

Check also for listing statement or notesheet pdf above (below the species image).

**Cite as:** Threatened Species Section (2022). ( ): *Species Management Profile for Tasmania's Threatened Species Link*. <https://www.threatenedspecieslink.tas.gov.au/Pages/Stenanthemum-pimeleoides.aspx>. Department of Natural Resources and Environment Tasmania. Accessed on 19/8/2022.

**Contact details:** Threatened Species Section, Department of Natural Resources and Environment Tasmania, GPO Box 44, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia, 7001. Phone (1300 368 550).

**Permit:** A permit is required under the Tasmanian *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995* to 'take' (which includes kill, injure, catch, damage, destroy and collect), keep, trade in or process any specimen or products of a listed species. Additional permits may also be required under other Acts or regulations to take, disturb or interfere with any form of wildlife or its products, (e.g. dens, nests, bones). This may also depend on the tenure of the land and other agreements relating to its management.