

SPECIES MANAGEMENT PROFILE

Stonesiella selaginoides clubmoss bushpea

Group: Magnoliophyta (flowering plants), Magnoliopsida (dicots), Fabales, Fabaceae

Status: *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995:* **endangered**
Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999: **Endangered**

Endemic: Found only in Tasmania

Status:

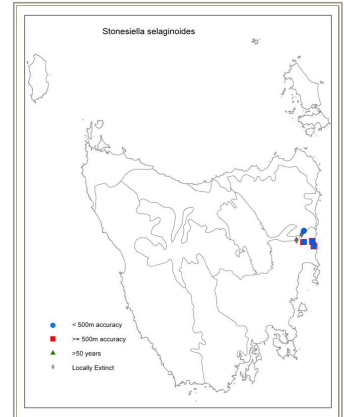


A complete species management profile is not currently available for this species. Check for further information on this page and any relevant Activity Advice.

Key Points

- Important:** Is this species in your area? Do you need a permit? Ensure you've covered all the issues by checking the Planning Ahead page.
- Important:** Different threatened species may have different requirements. For any activity you are considering, read the Activity Advice pages for background information and important advice about managing around the needs of multiple threatened species.

Surveying



Key	Survey reliability more info
M	Best time to survey
M	Potential time to survey
M	Poor time to survey
M	Non-survey period

To ensure you follow the law - check whether your survey requires a permit. Always report any new records to the Natural Values Atlas, or send the information direct to the Threatened Species Section. Refer to the Activity Advice: Surveying page for background information.

<i>Stonesiella selaginoides</i>	Spring				Summer				Autumn				Winter											
clubmoss bushpea	S	S	O	O	N	N	D	D	J	J	F	F	M	M	A	A	M	M	J	J	J	J	A	A

- Surveys of this slender woody shrub from the pea family should be conducted during the peak flowering period from mid October to early December, when the species is most easily detectable, though herbarium specimens have been collected throughout most of the year. *Stonesiella selaginoides* may proliferate from soil-stored seed after disturbance.
- Stonesiella selaginoides* is restricted to Tasmania's central East Coast region, where it occurs on dolerite soils, in either tall open heath in the ecotone between riparian scrub and open eucalypt forest, or open dry scrub dominated by the endemic shrubs *Leptospermum grandiflorum* and *Hakea megadenia*. It occurs at 20 to 520 m above sea level, with an annual rainfall of 625 to 1000 mm.

Further information

Check also for listing statement or notesheet pdf above (below the species image).

Cite as: Threatened Species Section (2021). *Stonesiella selaginoides* (clubmoss bushpea): *Species Management Profile for Tasmania's Threatened Species Link*. <https://www.threatenedspecieslink.tas.gov.au/Pages/Stonesiella-selaginoides.aspx>. Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, Tasmania. Accessed on 4/3/2021.

Contact details: Threatened Species Section, Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, GPO Box 44, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia, 7001. Phone (1300 368 550).

Permit: A permit is required under the Tasmanian *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995* to 'take' (which includes kill, injure, catch, damage, destroy and collect), keep, trade in or process any specimen or products of a listed species. Additional permits may also be required under other Acts or regulations to take, disturb or interfere with any form of wildlife or its products, (e.g. dens, nests, bones). This may also depend on the tenure of the land and other agreements relating to its management.